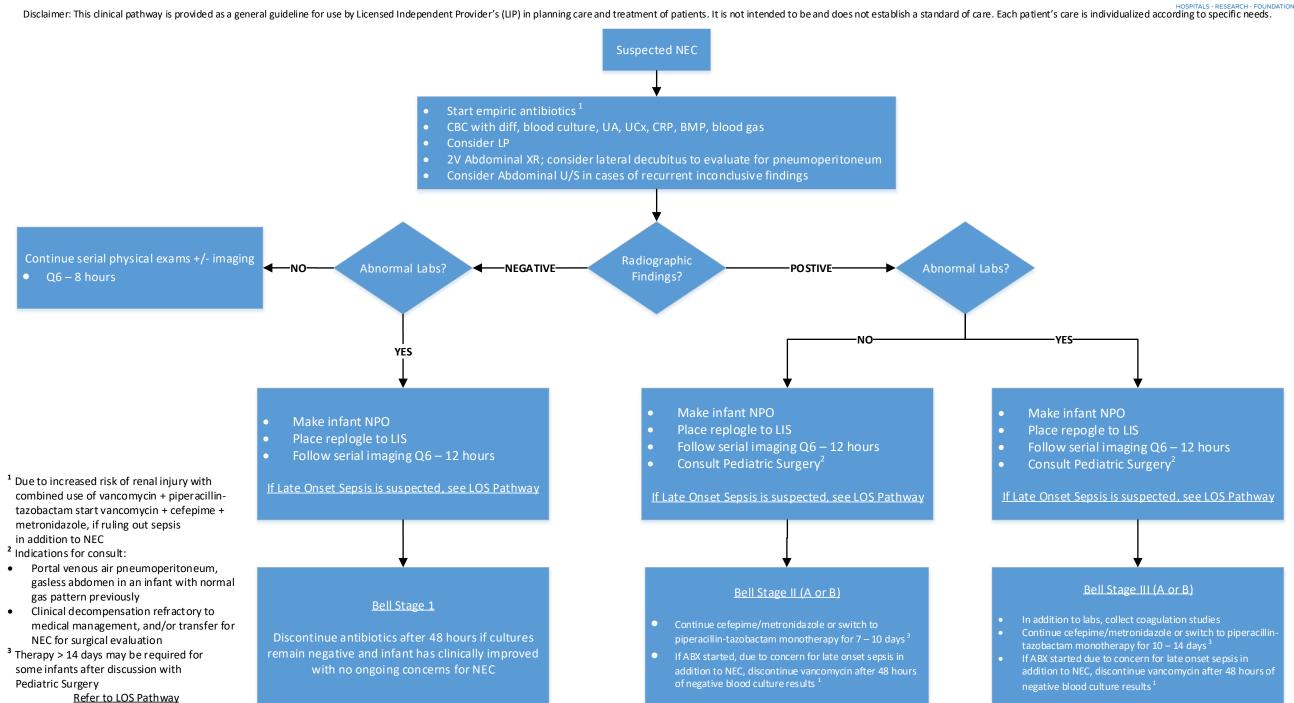
Necrotizing Enterocolitis (NEC)





Modified Bell Stage Criteria for NEC



Stage	Classification of NEC	Systemic Signs	Abdominal Signs	Radiographic Signs
IA	Suspected	Temperature instability, apnea, bradycardia, lethargy	Gastric retention, abdominal distention, emesis, heme- positive stool	Normal or mild intestinal dilation, mild ileus
IB	Suspected	Same as above	Grossly bloody stool	Same as above
IIA	Definite, mildly ill	Same as above	Same as above, plus absent bowel sounds with or without abdominal tenderness cellulitis or right lower quadrant mass	Intestinal dilation, ileus, pneumatosis intestinalis
IIB	Definite, moderately ill	Same as above, plus mild metabolic acidosis and thrombocytopenia	Same as above, plus signs of peritonitis, marked tenderness, and abdominal distention	Same as IIA, plus ascites
IIIA	Advanced, severely ill, intact bowel	Same as IIB, plus hypotension, bradycardia, combined respiratory and metabolic acidosis, DIC, and neutropenia	Same as IIIA	Same as IIA, plus ascites
IIIB	Advanced, severely ill, perforated bowel	Same as IIIA		Same as above, plus pneumoperitoneum

DIC: disseminated intravascular coagulation.

Adapted from: Neu. J. Necrotizing entercolitis: the search for a unifying pathogenic theory leading to prevention. Pediatr Clin North Am 1996; 43:409.

Metrics



Contributors



References

